

Environmental Product Declaration

# Jansen Janisol HI frame 80 x 70 without tilt and turn window (70/70/70) - English EPD

Jansen AG NL/BE

|                     |                         |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Publisher:          | Jansen AG NL/BE         |
| Program operator:   | Jansen AG NL/BE         |
| Calculation number: | EPD-NIBE-20230309-35841 |
| Generation on:      | 05-04-2023              |
| Issue date:         | 05-04-2023              |
| Valid until:        | 05-04-2028              |
| Status:             | verified                |

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## 1 General information

### 1.1 PRODUCT

Jansen Janisol HI frame 80 x 70 without tilt and turn window (70/70/70) - English EPD

### 1.2 VALIDITY

**Issue date** 05-04-2023

**Valid until:** 05-04-2028

### 1.3 OWNER OF THE DECLARATION



**Manufacturer:** Jansen AG NL/BE

**Address:** Ettensebaan 31, 4813 AH Breda

**E-mail:** info.netherlands@jansen.com:

**Website:** www.jansenstaal.nl

**Production location:** Jansen AG

**Address production location:** Industriestrasse 34, 9463 Oberriet

### 1.4 VERIFICATION OF THE DECLARATION

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR. In compliance with ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006.

Independent verification of the declaration according to EN ISO 14025:2011-10.

☐ Internal ☒ External



Kamiel Jansen, Review by Aveco de Bondt

### 1.5 THIS DECLARATION IS BASED ON THE PRODUCT CATEGORY RULES

NMD Determination method Environmental performance Construction works v1.1 March 2022

### 1.6 PURPOSE AND TARGET GROUPS

The purpose of this LCA is to compile environmental data of materials and products used in the built environment. So that the environmental data can be used in calculations of buildings and / or civil works. The purpose of this report is to draw up a review dossier with the results of 'set 1' and 'set 2' for the product as mentioned in the NMD Determination method Environmental performance Construction works v1.1 March 2022. This document defines a standardized method for a LCA in the Netherlands, of a product used in the build environment, in addition to EN 15084+A2. The review dossier is in accordance with EN15804+A2, ISO14040 and ISO14044.

The target groups of this LCA study are: Users of the NMD or programs that use this database, such as BREEAM-NL, GPR gebouw and GPR bouwbesluit, MRPI freetool, DuboCalc, etc..

### 1.7 COMPARABILITY

In principle, a comparison or assessment of the environmental impacts of different products is only possible if they have been prepared in accordance with EN 15804. For the evaluation of the comparability, the following aspects have to be considered in particular: PCR used, functional or declared unit, geographical reference, the definition of the system boundary, declared modules, data selection (primary or secondary data, background database, data quality), scenarios used for use and disposal phases, and the life cycle inventory (data collection, calculation methods, allocations, validity period). PCRs and general program instructions of different EPDs programs may differ. Comparability needs to be evaluated. For further guidance, see EN 15804+A2 (5.3 Comparability of EPD for construction products) and ISO 14025 (6.7.2 Requirements for comparability).

### 1.8 LCA BACKGROUND REPORT

This EPD is generated on the basis of the LCA background report 'Jansen Janisol HI frame 80 x 70 without tilt and turn window (70/70/70) - English EPD' with the calculation identifier EPD-NIBE-20230309-35841.

## 2 Product

### 2.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Janisol HI windows have narrow face widths (frame 50 mm, vent 35 mm) and are composed of a stable and high-quality insulator, which gives them high static values. The  $U_w$  values vary between 0.69 W/m<sup>2</sup>K (fixed glazing) and 0.8 W/m<sup>2</sup>K (turn windows). With an installation depth of 90 mm and the high static values, turn (tilt) windows with a width of 1400 mm, a height of up to 2,800 mm and a weight of up to 180 kg are possible. The maximum usable glass thickness is 66 mm. The weight of the profiles varies between 3.5 kg/m and 5.1 kg/m.

The thermal insulation of Janisol HI has been tested according to EN ISO 10077-2 and the system has also been extensively tested according to the CE product standard EN 14351-1. In addition, Janisol HI has passed the Swiss Minergie pre-certification with a view to obtaining the MINERGIE® label.

### 2.2 REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE

#### RSL PRODUCT

SBR Levensdurengids [SBR 2011].

#### USED RSL (YR) IN THIS LCA CALCULATION:

75

#### RSL PARTS

Equal to product.

### 2.3 DESCRIPTION PRODUCTION PROCESS

(Switzerland) The raw materials (steel, aluminum and various types of plastics) are delivered to Jansen's factory in Oberriet in Switzerland. The steel supplied as steel coil is cut to a standard size in the factory and then bent to the correct profiles. The steel parts are now taken to an external party for a final treatment, where these parts are returned to Jansen AG in Oberriet after being sprayed and powder coated and are also ready for transport. Other raw materials such as stainless steel, aluminum and plastic are supplied by the suppliers in custom/standard lengths.

(Netherlands) The supplied steel profiles are cut to size, and holes are pre-drilled for mounting. Subsequently, profiles are assembled and welded into one frame, after which the profiles are ground flat. The profiles are then welded into a window sash and again the profiles are subsequently ground flat. The knobs are then mounted, holes are drilled and the glazing bars are re-sawn after which they are mounted. After these steps, the product is transported to the paint shop where it is painted. The product is then packed and transported to the production company. This is where the final assembly takes place, whereby locks (hinges and locks fall outside the scope of this LCA) are mounted and the rubbers are fitted. After this step, the product is packed and ready for transport to the construction site.

### 2.4 CONSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION

The product is delivered from the production company to the construction site. At the construction site, the frame is mounted in its entirety in the adjustable frame. After this, the glass is placed and the polyethylene foam tapes are applied.

### 3 Calculation rules

#### 3.1 FUNCTIONAL / DECLARED UNIT

##### 1m<sup>2</sup> window frame (exterior)

Declared unit: square meter (m<sup>2</sup>)

Collection of openings in exterior walls filled with windows and window frames (NL-SFB 31.2 NMD). In this case, a window frame of 1500x3300mm has been assumed, which meets the requirements of the Building Decree. Finishes, maintenance, glazing sealant/rubbers and glass bead must be included. The quantities have been calculated back to 1 m<sup>2</sup>. Fixing materials, glazing, jamb stud, hinges and locks, sound absorbing window vent, sill or water barrier are not included.

#### 3.2 CONVERSION FACTORS

| Description               | Value    | Unit           |
|---------------------------|----------|----------------|
| Declared unit             | 1        | m <sup>2</sup> |
| Weight per declared unit  | 12.412   | kg             |
| Conversion factor to 1 kg | 0.080567 | m <sup>2</sup> |

#### 3.3 SCOPE OF DECLARATION AND SYSTEM BOUNDARIES

This is a Cradle to gate with options, modules C1-C4 and module D LCA. The life cycle stages included are as shown below:

(X = module included, ND = module not declared)

| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| X  | X  | X  | X  | X  | X  | X  | X  | ND | ND | ND | ND | X  | X  | X  | X  | X |

The modules of the EN15804 contain the following:

|                                 |                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| Module A1 = Raw material supply | Module B5 = Refurbishment                |
| Module A2 = Transport           | Module B6 = Operational energy use       |
| Module A3 = Manufacturing       | Module B7 = Operational water use        |
| Module A4 = Transport           | Module C1 = De-construction / Demolition |
|                                 | Module C2 = Transport                    |

Module A5 = Construction -

Installation process

|                         |                                                                    |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Module B1 = Use         | Module C3 = Waste Processing                                       |
| Module B2 = Maintenance | Module C4 = Disposal                                               |
| Module B3 = Repair      | Module D = Benefits and loads beyond the product system boundaries |
| Module B4 = Replacement |                                                                    |

#### 3.4 REPRESENTATIVENESS

The input data are representative for Jansen Janisol HI, a product of ODS. The data are representative for The Netherlands. The data is directly provided from the production facility and therefore specific for ODS. All background data is based on the Ecolnvent 3.5 Database.

This EPD can only be compared with the EPD of other products when they are conducted following the same version of the Dutch Determination Method.

#### 3.5 CUT-OFF CRITERIA

In the Life cycle assessment the following cut-off criteria are applied:

##### PRODUCT STAGE (A1-A3)

The production stage consists of the extraction of raw materials, transportation of the raw materials, processing the raw materials into materials and the production of the product. The required energy for production, external treatments, ancillary materials, packaging material and production emissions are included.

##### CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE (A4-A5)

This stage consists the transport of the product from production plant to the construction site.

It also includes the loss of material during construction. The additional needed production, transport and end-of-life of the lost material during construction is included.

The end-of-life of packaging material up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues is also included.

### 3 Calculation rules

The installation of the product including manufacture, transportation and end-of-life of ancillary materials and any energy or water use required for installation or operation of the construction site are taken into account.

#### USE STAGE (B1-B3)

This stage consists of the impacts arising from components of the building and construction works during their use.

The stage also covers the combination of all planned technical and associated administrative maintenance actions during the service life to maintain the product installed in a building, in a construction works or its parts in a state in which it can perform its required functional and technical performance, as well as preserve the aesthetic qualities of the product. This will include preventative and regular maintenance activities.

Product replacement (B4) and renovation (B5) only apply when the product is considered in a lifespan (of a building, work, etc.). Operational water and energy use are not considered.

#### END OF LIFE STAGE (C1-C4)

When the end of the life stage of the building is reached, the de-construction/demolition begins. This EPD includes de-construction/demolition (C1), the necessary transport (C2) from the demolition site to the sorting location and distance to final disposal. The end of life stage includes the final disposal to landfill (C4), incineration (C3) and needed recycling processes up to the end-of-waste point (C3). Loads and benefits of recycling, re-use and exported energy are part of module D.

The default end-of-life scenarios of the annex (March 2022) to the NMD Determination method v1.1 have been used for the various materials in the product.

#### BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (D)

This stage contains the potential loads and benefits of recycling and re-use of raw materials/products. The loads contain the needed recycling processes from end-of-waste-point up to the point-of-equivalence of the substituted primary raw material and a load for secondary material that will be lost at the end-of-life stage.

The loads and benefits of recycling and reuse are included in this module. The benefits are calculated based on the primary content and the primary equivalent.

In addition, the benefits of energy recovery are granted at this stage. The amount of avoided energy is based on the Lower Heating Values of the materials and the efficiencies of the incinerators as mentioned in the NMD Determination method v1.1 or EcolInvent 3.6 (2019).

#### 3.6 ALLOCATION

n/a no allocation applies.

The quantity is specifically determined for all parts of the product. In addition, all energy consumption has been quantified. It is improbable that significant inputs have been disregarded, resulting in a 100% coverage of the mass and energy balance.

#### 3.7 REFERENCE TIME PERIOD

All gathered information is relevant for the year 2020.

## 4 Scenarios and additional technical information

### 4.1 TRANSPORT TO CONSTRUCTION SITE (A4)

For the transport from production place to assembly/user, the following scenario is assumed for module A4 of this EPD.

|                                                | Value and unit                                                |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Vehicle type used for transport                | Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)   market group for (GLO) |
| Fuel type and consumption of vehicle           | not available                                                 |
| Distance                                       | 150 km                                                        |
| Capacity utilisation (including empty returns) | 50 % (loaded up and return empty)                             |
| Bulk density of transported products           | inapplicable                                                  |
| Volume capacity utilisation factor             | 1                                                             |

### 4.2 ASSEMBLY (A5)

The following information describes the scenarios for flows entering the system and flows leaving the system at module A5.

#### FLOWS ENTERING THE SYSTEM

For flows entering the system at A5 the following scenario is assumed for module A5.

|                                                     | Value  | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------|------|
| <i>Energy consumption for installation/assembly</i> |        |      |
| Electricity (NL) - low voltage (max 1kV)            | 0.0021 | kWh  |

#### FLOWS LEAVING THE SYSTEM

The following output flows leaving the system at module A5 are assumed.

| Description                                                                                                     | Value | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| Output materials as result of loss during construction                                                          | 3     | %    |
| Output materials as result of waste processing of materials used for installation/assembly at the building site | 0.000 | kg   |
| Output materials as result of waste processing of used packaging                                                | 0.062 | kg   |

### 4.3 USE STAGE (B1)

No significant environment impact in the use stage modules, because there is no (significant) emission to air, soil or water.

## 4 Scenarios and additional technical information

### 4.4 MAINTENANCE (B2)

No maintenance is needed to fulfil the requirements as stated in the applicable functional unit (chapter 3.1) and to achieve the stated reference service life (2.3).

### 4.5 REPAIR (B3)

No repairs are needed to fulfil the requirements as stated in the applicable functional unit (chapter 3.1) and to achieve the stated reference service life (chapter 2.3).

### 4.6 DE-CONSTRUCTION, DEMOLITION (C1)

No inputs are needed for the product at the de-construction / demolition phase

### 4.7 TRANSPORT END-OF-LIFE (C2)

The following distances and transport conveyance are assumed for transportation during end of life for the different types of waste processing.

| Waste Scenario                                                                   | Transport conveyance                                          | Not removed (stays in work) [km] | Landfill [km] | Incineration [km] | Recycling [km] | Re-use [km] |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Zinc layer coil   Steel federation NL                                            | Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)   market group for (GLO) | 0                                | 100           | 150               | 50             | 0           |
| Organic coating coil   Steel federation NL                                       | Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)   market group for (GLO) | 0                                | 100           | 150               | 50             | 0           |
| finishes (adhered to wood, plastic, metal) (NMD ID 2)                            | Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)   market group for (GLO) | 0                                | 100           | 150               | 50             | 0           |
| aluminium, wrought alloy for buildings (i.a. profiles, sheets, pipes) (NMD ID 3) | Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)   market group for (GLO) | 0                                | 100           | 150               | 50             | 0           |
| Steel coil   cold rolled, galvanised and coated   Steel federation NL            | Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)   market group for (GLO) | 0                                | 100           | 150               | 50             | 0           |
| Metals, others (i.a. fasteners, fittings) (NMD ID 50)                            | Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)   market group for (GLO) | 0                                | 100           | 150               | 50             | 0           |
| plastics, via residue (NMD ID 43)                                                |                                                               | 0                                | 100           | 150               | 50             | 0           |



## 4 Scenarios and additional technical information

| Waste Scenario                                            | Transport conveyance                                          | Not removed (stays in work) [km] | Landfill [km] | Incineration [km] | Recycling [km] | Re-use [km] |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|
|                                                           | Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)   market group for (GLO) |                                  |               |                   |                |             |
| polyolefines (i.a. pe,pp) (i.a. pipes, foils) (NMD ID 57) | Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)   market group for (GLO) | 0                                | 100           | 150               | 50             | 0           |
| elastomeres (i.a. epdm) (i.a. roofing, foils) (NMD ID 20) | Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)   market group for (GLO) | 0                                | 100           | 150               | 50             | 0           |

The transport conveyance(s) used in the scenario(s) for transport during end of life has the following characteristics.

|                                                | Value and unit                                                |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Vehicle type used for transport                | Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)   market group for (GLO) |
| Fuel type and consumption of vehicle           | not available                                                 |
| Capacity utilisation (including empty returns) | 50 % (loaded up and return empty)                             |
| Bulk density of transported products           | inapplicable                                                  |
| Volume capacity utilisation factor             | 1                                                             |

### 4.8 END OF LIFE (C3, C4)

The scenario(s) assumed for end of life of the product are given in the following tables.  
First the assumed percentages per type of waste processing are displayed, followed by the assumed amounts.

| Waste Scenario                                                                   | Region | Not removed (stays in work) [%] | Landfill [%] | Incineration [%] | Recycling [%] | Re-use [%] |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|------------|
| Zinc layer coil   Steel federation NL                                            | NL     | 0                               | 5            | 0                | 95            | 0          |
| Organic coating coil   Steel federation NL                                       | NL     | 0                               | 5            | 0                | 95            | 0          |
| finishes (adhered to wood, plastic, metal) (NMD ID 2)                            | NL     | 0                               | 0            | 100              | 0             | 0          |
| aluminium, wrought alloy for buildings (i.a. profiles, sheets, pipes) (NMD ID 3) | NL     | 0                               | 3            | 3                | 94            | 0          |



## 4 Scenarios and additional technical information

| Waste Scenario                                                        | Region | Not removed (stays in work) [%] | Landfill [%] | Incineration [%] | Recycling [%] | Re-use [%] |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|------------|
| Steel coil   cold rolled, galvanised and coated   Steel federation NL | NL     | 0                               | 5            | 0                | 95            | 0          |
| Metals, others (i.a. fasteners, fittings) (NMD ID 50)                 | NL     | 0                               | 5            | 5                | 90            | 0          |
| plastics, via residue (NMD ID 43)                                     | NL     | 0                               | 20           | 80               | 0             | 0          |
| polyolefines (i.a. pe,pp) (i.a. pipes, foils) (NMD ID 57)             | NL     | 0                               | 10           | 85               | 5             | 0          |
| elastomeres (i.a. epdm) (i.a. roofing, foils) (NMD ID 20)             | NL     | 0                               | 10           | 85               | 5             | 0          |

| Waste Scenario                                                                   | Not removed (stays in work) [kg] | Landfill [kg] | Incineration [kg] | Recycling [kg] | Re-use [kg]  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|
| aluminium, wrought alloy for buildings (i.a. profiles, sheets, pipes) (NMD ID 3) | 0.000                            | 0.022         | 0.011             | 0.676          | 0.000        |
| Steel coil   cold rolled, galvanised and coated   Steel federation NL            | 0.000                            | 0.411         | 0.000             | 7.814          | 0.000        |
| Metals, others (i.a. fasteners, fittings) (NMD ID 50)                            | 0.000                            | 0.000         | 0.000             | 0.004          | 0.000        |
| plastics, via residue (NMD ID 43)                                                | 0.000                            | 0.447         | 0.889             | 0.000          | 0.000        |
| polyolefines (i.a. pe,pp) (i.a. pipes, foils) (NMD ID 57)                        | 0.000                            | 0.008         | 0.003             | 0.004          | 0.000        |
| elastomeres (i.a. epdm) (i.a. roofing, foils) (NMD ID 20)                        | 0.000                            | 0.033         | 0.258             | 0.017          | 0.000        |
| Zinc layer coil   Steel federation NL                                            | 0.000                            | 0.024         | 0.000             | 0.449          | 0.000        |
| Organic coating coil   Steel federation NL                                       | 0.000                            | 0.009         | 0.000             | 0.173          | 0.000        |
| finishes (adhered to wood, plastic, metal) (NMD ID 2)                            | 0.000                            | 0.000         | 0.060             | 0.000          | 0.000        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                     | <b>0.000</b>                     | <b>0.954</b>  | <b>1.222</b>      | <b>9.136</b>   | <b>0.000</b> |

### 4.9 BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (D)

The presented Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary in this EPD are based on the following calculated Net output flows in kilograms and Energy recovery displayed in MJ Lower Heating Value.

| Waste Scenario                                                                   | Net output flow [kg] | Energy recovery [MJ] |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| aluminium, wrought alloy for buildings (i.a. profiles, sheets, pipes) (NMD ID 3) | 0.503                | 0.000                |
| Steel coil   cold rolled, galvanised and coated   Steel federation NL            | 7.279                | 0.000                |
| Metals, others (i.a. fasteners, fittings) (NMD ID 50)                            | 0.003                | 0.000                |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                     | <b>7.806</b>         | <b>65.369</b>        |

## 4 Scenarios and additional technical information

| Waste Scenario                                            | Net output flow [kg] | Energy recovery [MJ] |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| plastics, via residue (NMD ID 43)                         | 0.000                | 54.865               |
| polyolefines (i.a. pe,pp) (i.a. pipes, foils) (NMD ID 57) | 0.004                | 2.852                |
| elastomeres (i.a. epdm) (i.a. roofing, foils) (NMD ID 20) | 0.017                | 7.652                |
| <b>Total</b>                                              | <b>7.806</b>         | <b>65.369</b>        |

## 5 Results

For the impact assessment, the characterization factors of the LCIA method Bepalingsmethode 'set 1', 'set2' & param (NMD 3.4) v1.00 are used. Long-term emissions (>100 years) are not considered in the impact assessment. The results of the impact assessment are only relative statements that do not make any statements about end-points of the impact categories, exceedance of threshold values, safety margins or risks. The following tables show the results of the indicators of the impact assessment, of the use of resources as well as of waste and other output flows.

### 5.1 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS PER SQUARE METER

#### CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS EN15804+A2

| Abbreviation | Unit              | A1      | A2      | A3      | A4      | A5      | B1      | B2      | B3      | C1      | C2      | C3       | C4      | D        |
|--------------|-------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| AP           | mol H+<br>eqv.    | 1.81E-1 | 3.56E-3 | 1.03E-1 | 1.46E-3 | 8.72E-3 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 7.05E-4 | 5.68E-3  | 7.44E-5 | -8.30E-2 |
| GWP-total    | kg CO2<br>eqv.    | 4.29E+1 | 5.46E-1 | 2.24E+1 | 2.53E-1 | 2.31E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.22E-1 | 7.04E+0  | 6.67E-2 | -2.24E+1 |
| GWP-b        | kg CO2<br>eqv.    | 2.50E-1 | 1.02E-3 | 2.40E-1 | 1.17E-4 | 1.09E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 5.61E-5 | -1.04E-2 | 3.18E-5 | 1.62E-1  |
| GWP-f        | kg CO2<br>eqv.    | 4.25E+1 | 5.45E-1 | 2.21E+1 | 2.53E-1 | 2.20E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.22E-1 | 7.05E+0  | 6.67E-2 | -2.25E+1 |
| GWP-luluc    | kg CO2<br>eqv.    | 1.01E-1 | 3.19E-4 | 6.34E-2 | 9.25E-5 | 5.01E-3 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 4.45E-5 | 7.52E-4  | 4.49E-6 | -8.37E-2 |
| EP-m         | kg N eqv.         | 3.34E-2 | 1.25E-3 | 1.82E-2 | 5.16E-4 | 1.62E-3 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.48E-4 | 1.37E-3  | 4.52E-5 | -1.38E-2 |
| EP-fw        | kg P eqv.         | 1.93E-3 | 1.02E-5 | 1.74E-3 | 2.55E-6 | 9.91E-5 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.23E-6 | 8.59E-5  | 1.68E-7 | -9.94E-4 |
| EP-T         | mol N<br>eqv.     | 3.35E-1 | 1.38E-2 | 2.11E-1 | 5.69E-3 | 1.70E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.74E-3 | 1.56E-2  | 2.66E-4 | -1.43E-1 |
| ODP          | kg CFC 11<br>eqv. | 1.21E-6 | 1.08E-7 | 2.00E-6 | 5.57E-8 | 1.08E-7 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.68E-8 | 2.00E-7  | 2.69E-9 | -8.38E-7 |
| POCP         |                   | 1.06E-1 | 3.88E-3 | 6.23E-2 | 1.62E-3 | 5.28E-3 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 7.82E-4 | 4.18E-3  | 9.05E-5 | -5.07E-2 |

**AP**=Acidification (AP) | **GWP-total**=Global warming potential (GWP-total) | **GWP-b**=Global warming potential - Biogenic (GWP-b) | **GWP-f**=Global warming potential - Fossil (GWP-f) | **GWP-luluc**=Global warming potential - Land use and land use change (GWP-luluc) | **EP-m**=Eutrophication marine (EP-m) | **EP-fw**=Eutrophication, freshwater (EP-fw) | **EP-T**=Eutrophication, terrestrial (EP-T) | **ODP**=Ozone depletion (ODP) | **POCP**=Photochemical ozone formation - human health (POCP) | **ADP-f**=Resource use, fossils (ADP-f) | **ADP-mm**=Resource use, minerals and metals (ADP-mm) | **WDP**=Water use (WDP)

## 5 Results

| Abbreviation | Unit                | A1      | A2      | A3      | A4      | A5      | B1      | B2      | B3      | C1      | C2      | C3      | C4      | D        |
|--------------|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
|              | kg<br>NMVOC<br>eqv. |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
| ADP-f        | MJ                  | 5.04E+2 | 8.16E+0 | 3.61E+2 | 3.81E+0 | 2.67E+1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.83E+0 | 8.41E+0 | 2.03E-1 | -2.01E+2 |
| ADP-mm       | kg Sb-<br>eqv.      | 4.27E-4 | 1.13E-5 | 3.64E-3 | 6.40E-6 | 5.48E-5 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 3.08E-6 | 1.34E-5 | 6.49E-8 | 6.22E-4  |
| WDP          | m3 world<br>eqv.    | 1.71E+1 | 4.05E-2 | 5.97E+0 | 1.36E-2 | 7.14E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 6.56E-3 | 4.68E-1 | 8.70E-3 | -2.49E+0 |

**AP**=Acidification (AP) | **GWP-total**=Global warming potential (GWP-total) | **GWP-b**=Global warming potential - Biogenic (GWP-b) | **GWP-f**=Global warming potential - Fossil (GWP-f) | **GWP-luluc**=Global warming potential - Land use and land use change (GWP-luluc) | **EP-m**=Eutrophication marine (EP-m) | **EP-fw**=Eutrophication, freshwater (EP-fw) | **EP-T**=Eutrophication, terrestrial (EP-T) | **ODP**=Ozone depletion (ODP) | **POCP**=Photochemical ozone formation - human health (POCP) | **ADP-f**=Resource use, fossils (ADP-f) | **ADP-mm**=Resource use, minerals and metals (ADP-mm) | **WDP**=Water use (WDP)

### ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS EN15084+A2

| Abbreviation | Unit                 | A1      | A2       | A3      | A4       | A5      | B1      | B2      | B3      | C1      | C2       | C3      | C4       | D        |
|--------------|----------------------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|----------|----------|
| ETP-fw       | CTUe                 | 1.10E+3 | 7.66E+0  | 6.82E+2 | 3.40E+0  | 5.15E+1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.63E+0  | 8.08E+1 | 1.38E+1  | -5.03E+2 |
| PM           | disease<br>incidence | 2.08E-6 | 4.68E-8  | 7.58E-7 | 2.27E-8  | 8.82E-8 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.09E-8  | 6.01E-8 | 1.37E-9  | -6.37E-7 |
| HTP-c        | CTUh                 | 7.01E-8 | 3.14E-10 | 1.90E-8 | 1.10E-10 | 2.98E-9 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 5.30E-11 | 2.16E-9 | 5.24E-12 | -4.18E-8 |
| HTP-nc       | CTUh                 | 6.35E-7 | 8.43E-9  | 7.28E-7 | 3.71E-9  | 3.95E-8 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.79E-9  | 3.86E-8 | 1.90E-10 | 5.21E-7  |
| IR           | kBq U235<br>eqv.     | 8.49E-1 | 3.72E-2  | 2.26E+0 | 1.60E-2  | 9.59E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 7.68E-3  | 3.61E-2 | 8.00E-4  | -3.34E-1 |
| SQP          | Pt                   | 6.12E+1 | 6.69E+0  | 9.64E+1 | 3.30E+0  | 5.23E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.59E+0  | 8.40E+0 | 4.48E-1  | -2.28E+1 |

**ETP-fw**=Ecotoxicity, freshwater (ETP-fw) | **PM**=Particulate Matter (PM) | **HTP-c**=Human toxicity, cancer (HTP-c) | **HTP-nc**=Human toxicity, non-cancer (HTP-nc) | **IR**=Ionising radiation, human health (IR) | **SQP**=Land use (SQP)

## 5 Results

### CLASSIFICATION OF DISCLAIMERS TO THE DECLARATION OF CORE AND ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS

| ILCD classification | Indicator                                                                                           | Disclaimer |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| ILCD type / level 1 | Global warming potential (GWP)                                                                      | None       |
|                     | Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer (ODP)                                          | None       |
|                     | Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions (PM)                                             | None       |
| ILCD type / level 2 | AAcidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance (AP)                                               | None       |
|                     | Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment (EP-freshwater) | None       |
|                     | Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment (EP-marine)         | None       |
|                     | Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance (EP-terrestrial)                                   | None       |
|                     | Formation potential of tropospheric ozone (POCP)                                                    | None       |
|                     | Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 (IRP)                                          | 1          |
| ILCD type / level 3 | Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources (ADP-minerals&metals)                          | 2          |
|                     | Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources (ADP-fossil)                                       | 2          |
|                     | Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption (WDP)                    | 2          |
|                     | Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems (ETP-fw)                                            | 2          |
|                     | Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans (HTP-c)                                                 | 2          |
|                     | Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans (HTP-nc)                                                | 2          |
|                     | Potential Soil quality index (SQP)                                                                  | 2          |

**Disclaimer 1** – This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

**Disclaimer 2** – The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.

## 5 Results

### CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS EN15804+A1

| Abbreviation | Unit                | A1      | A2      | A3      | A4      | A5      | B1      | B2      | B3      | C1      | C2      | C3      | C4      | D        |
|--------------|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ADPE         | Kg Sb               | 4.27E-4 | 1.13E-5 | 3.64E-3 | 6.40E-6 | 5.49E-5 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 3.08E-6 | 1.34E-5 | 6.49E-8 | 6.22E-4  |
| GWP          | Kg CO2<br>Equiv.    | 4.13E+1 | 5.40E-1 | 2.18E+1 | 2.50E-1 | 2.15E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.21E-1 | 7.04E+0 | 5.75E-2 | -2.19E+1 |
| ODP          | Kg CFC-11<br>Equiv. | 1.38E-6 | 8.80E-8 | 2.11E-6 | 4.44E-8 | 1.15E-7 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.14E-8 | 1.95E-7 | 2.15E-9 | -9.02E-7 |
| POCP         | Kg Ethene<br>Equiv. | 2.21E-2 | 3.41E-4 | 1.08E-2 | 1.51E-4 | 1.01E-3 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 7.27E-5 | 4.07E-4 | 1.59E-5 | -1.07E-2 |
| AP           | Kg SO2<br>Equiv.    | 1.43E-1 | 2.67E-3 | 8.40E-2 | 1.10E-3 | 6.97E-3 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 5.30E-4 | 4.50E-3 | 5.69E-5 | -6.51E-2 |
| EP           | Kg PO43-<br>Equiv.  | 1.94E-2 | 5.20E-4 | 1.35E-2 | 2.16E-4 | 9.80E-4 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.04E-4 | 8.20E-4 | 2.13E-5 | -7.95E-3 |

**ADPE**=Depletion of abiotic resources-elements | **GWP**=Global warming | **ODP**=Ozone layer depletion | **POCP**=Photochemical oxidants creation | **AP**=Acidification of soil and water | **EP**=Eutrophication

### NATIONAL ANNEX NMD

| Abbreviation | Unit         | A1      | A2      | A3      | A4      | A5      | B1      | B2      | B3      | C1      | C2      | C3      | C4      | D        |
|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ADPF         | Kg Sb        | 2.79E-1 | 3.88E-3 | 1.56E-1 | 1.84E-3 | 1.35E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 8.86E-4 | 4.23E-3 | 9.87E-5 | -1.35E-1 |
| HTP          | kg 1.4<br>DB | 1.75E+1 | 2.29E-1 | 5.61E+0 | 1.05E-1 | 7.29E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 5.07E-2 | 6.57E-1 | 5.45E-3 | -1.27E+1 |
| FAETP        | kg 1.4<br>DB | 1.80E-1 | 5.79E-3 | 3.79E-1 | 3.08E-3 | 1.78E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.48E-3 | 2.78E-2 | 2.81E-3 | -6.05E-2 |
| MAETP        | kg 1.4<br>DB | 7.20E+2 | 2.11E+1 | 6.48E+2 | 1.11E+1 | 4.42E+1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 5.33E+0 | 8.91E+1 | 2.99E+0 | -3.86E+2 |
| TETP         | kg 1.4<br>DB | 5.23E-2 | 9.20E-4 | 1.71E-1 | 3.73E-4 | 6.43E-3 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.79E-4 | 2.09E-3 | 1.50E-5 | 1.49E-1  |

**ADPF**=Depletion of abiotic resources-fossil fuels | **HTP**=Human toxicity | **FAETP**=Ecotoxicity, fresh water | **MAETP**=Ecotoxicity, marine water (MAETP) | **TETP**=Ecotoxicity, terrestrial

## 5 Results

### 5.2 INDICATORS DESCRIBING RESOURCE USE AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION BASED ON LIFE CYCLE INVENTORY (LCI)

#### PARAMETERS DESCRIBING RESOURCE USE

| Abbreviation | Unit | A1      | A2      | A3      | A4      | A5      | B1      | B2      | B3      | C1      | C2      | C3      | C4      | D        |
|--------------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| PERE         | MJ   | 4.30E+1 | 2.60E-1 | 7.37E+1 | 4.77E-2 | 3.56E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.29E-2 | 9.85E-1 | 4.66E-3 | -2.23E+1 |
| PERM         | MJ   | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 7.83E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 2.35E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0  |
| PERT         | MJ   | 4.30E+1 | 2.60E-1 | 7.45E+1 | 4.77E-2 | 3.59E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.29E-2 | 9.85E-1 | 4.66E-3 | -2.23E+1 |
| PENRE        | MJ   | 4.84E+2 | 8.65E+0 | 3.76E+2 | 4.04E+0 | 2.67E+1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.95E+0 | 8.67E+0 | 2.16E-1 | -1.15E+2 |
| PENRM        | MJ   | 8.09E+1 | 0.00E+0 | 1.33E+1 | 0.00E+0 | 2.83E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | -6.25E-1 |
| PENRT        | MJ   | 5.65E+2 | 8.65E+0 | 3.89E+2 | 4.04E+0 | 2.95E+1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.95E+0 | 8.67E+0 | 2.16E-1 | -1.16E+2 |
| SM           | Kg   | 7.08E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 2.12E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 2.19E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0  |
| RSF          | MJ   | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0  |
| NRSF         | MJ   | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0  |
| FW           | M3   | 5.84E-1 | 1.74E-3 | 4.01E-1 | 4.64E-4 | 3.01E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.23E-4 | 1.02E-2 | 2.10E-4 | -1.10E-1 |

**PERE**=renewable primary energy ex. raw materials | **PERM**=renewable primary energy used as raw materials | **PERT**=renewable primary energy total | **PENRE**=non-renewable primary energy ex. raw materials | **PENRM**=non-renewable primary energy used as raw materials | **PENRT**=non-renewable primary energy total | **SM**=use of secondary material | **RSF**=use of renewable secondary fuels | **NRSF**=use of non-renewable secondary fuels | **FW**=use of net fresh water

#### OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION DESCRIBING WASTE CATEGORIES

| Abbreviation | Unit | A1      | A2      | A3      | A4      | A5      | B1      | B2      | B3      | C1      | C2      | C3      | C4      | D        |
|--------------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| HWD          | Kg   | 1.54E-3 | 1.94E-5 | 2.19E-3 | 9.65E-6 | 2.42E-4 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 4.64E-6 | 4.47E-3 | 2.46E-7 | 5.58E-3  |
| NHWD         | Kg   | 3.98E+0 | 4.10E-1 | 3.04E+0 | 2.42E-1 | 2.69E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.16E-1 | 2.45E-1 | 9.56E-1 | -1.33E+0 |
| RWD          | Kg   | 8.79E-4 | 5.26E-5 | 1.62E-3 | 2.50E-5 | 7.87E-5 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.20E-5 | 3.74E-5 | 1.22E-6 | -2.59E-4 |

**HWD**=hazardous waste disposed | **NHWD**=non hazardous waste disposed | **RWD**=radioactive waste disposed



5 Results

ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION DESCRIBING OUTPUT FLOWS

| Abbreviation | Unit | A1      | A2      | A3      | A4      | A5      | B1      | B2      | B3      | C1      | C2      | C3      | C4      | D       |
|--------------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| CRU          | Kg   | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 |
| MFR          | Kg   | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.68E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 2.78E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 8.96E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 |
| MER          | Kg   | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 |
| EE           | MJ   | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 4.49E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.43E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 3.44E+1 |
| EET          | MJ   | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.84E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.54E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.18E+1 |
| EEE          | MJ   | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.65E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 8.94E-3 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.26E+1 |

**CRU**=Components for re-use | **MFR**=Materials for recycling | **MER**=Materials for energy recovery | **EE**=Exported energy | **EET**=Exported Energy Thermic | **EEE**=Exported Energy Electric

## 5 Results

### 5.3 INFORMATION ON BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT PER SQUARE METER

#### BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT

The following Information describes the biogenic carbon content in (the main parts of) the product at the factory gate per square meter:

| Biogenic carbon content                           | Amount | Unit |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------|------|
| Biogenic carbon content in the product            | 0      | kg C |
| Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging | 0      | kg C |

## 5 Results

### 5.4 ENVIRONMENTAL COST INDICATOR NL PER SQUARE METER

Using the environmental cost indicator (ECI) method, which is presented in the NMD Determination Method (2020), the results are aggregated to the single-point score. The ECI is a relevant valuation method, especially in the Dutch construction sector. In the Netherlands, it is a prerequisite for public tenders. The aim of the indicator is to show the shadow price for environmental impacts of a product or project. The application of single-point scores is an additional assessment tool for eco-balance results. However, it must be pointed out that weightings are always based on a value maintenance and not on a scientific basis (EN 14040). The ECI results are shown in the following table.

| Module EN15804                                          | ECI NL        | Share in total (%) |
|---------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| A1 Raw Materials Supply                                 | € 4.55        | 93,3 %             |
| A2 Transport                                            | € 0.07        | 1,4 %              |
| A3 Manufacturing                                        | € 2.19        | 44,8 %             |
| A4 Transport from the gate to the site                  | € 0.03        | 0,6 %              |
| A5 Construction - Installation process                  | € 0.22        | 4,5 %              |
| B1 Use                                                  | € 0.00        | 0,0 %              |
| B2 Maintenance                                          | € 0.00        | 0,0 %              |
| B3 Repair                                               | € 0.00        | 0,0 %              |
| C1 De-construction / demolition                         | € 0.00        | 0,0 %              |
| C2 Transport                                            | € 0.01        | 0,3 %              |
| C3 Waste processing                                     | € 0.45        | 9,2 %              |
| C4 Disposal                                             | € 0.00        | 0,1 %              |
| D Benefits and loads beyond the product system boundary | € -2.64       | -54,1 %            |
| <b>ECI NL per functional unit</b>                       | <b>€ 4.88</b> |                    |

## 6 References

### ISO 14040

ISO 14040:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework; EN ISO 14040:2006

### ISO 14044

ISO 14044:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines; EN ISO 14040:2006

### ISO 14025

ISO 14025:2011-10: Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

### EN 15804+A1

EN 15804+A1: 2013: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

### EN 15804+A2

EN 15804+A2: 2019: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

### NMD-verification protocol

NMD-verification protocol version 1.0, July 2020, foundation NMD

### NMD Determination method

NMD Determination method Environmental performance Construction works v1.1 March 2022, foundation NMD

## 7 Contact information

| Publisher                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Operator                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Owner of declaration                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
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