ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

Owner of the Declaration dormakaba International Holding GmbH

Publisher Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Programme holder | Institut Bauen und Umwelt e V (IBU)

Declaration number EPD-DOR-20210303-CBA1-EN

Issue date 04.05.2022 Valid to 03.05.2027

BEST 1E Series dormakaba



www.ibu-epd.com | https://epd-online.com





General Information

BEST 1E Series dormakaba Programme holder Owner of the declaration IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. dormakaba International Holding GmbH Hegelplatz 1 DORMA Platz 1 10117 Berlin 58256 Ennepetal Germany Germany **Declaration number** Declared product / declared unit EPD-DOR-20210303-CBA1-EN 1 cylinder (1 piece) of the BEST 1E Series. This declaration is based on the product category rules: This Environmental Product Declaration refers to a specific cylinder Building Hardware products, 01.08.2021 (PCR checked and approved by the SVR) manufactured by dormakaba. The production site is located in Indianapolis Issue date The data represents the year 2020. The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information 04.05.2022 and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences. Valid to The EPD was created according to the specifications of EN 15804+A2. In 03.05.2027 the following, the standard will be simplified as EN 15804. Verification The standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025:2011 internally externally Dipl.-Ing. Hans Peters (Chairman of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

Florian Pronold

(Managing Director Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

Dr.-Ing. Wolfram Trinius, (Independent verifier)



Product

Product description/Product definition

BEST mortise and rim cylinders may be altered to function with other manufacturers' locks by use of different cams and different cylinder rings. Special cylinder variations are available for most applications. BEST cylinders are machined from brass or bronze bar stock and are available in a variety of finishes. For the use and application of the product the respective national provisions at the place of use apply. The standards which can be applied are the following:

- ANSI/BHMA Grade 1
- UL listed

Application

The BEST 1E Series can be used in following building types:

- · Learning and higher education
- Healthcare
- Government
- · Retail and commercial

Technical Data

The cylinder has following technical properties:

- · Cylinder diameter: 1-5/32"
- How to order example: 1E74-C4-RP3-626
- Products covered by on or more of the following patents: 5,590,555 5,794,472

The performance data of the product with respect to its characteristics are in accordance with the relevant technical

provision:

• ANSI/BHMA Grade 1

Base materials/Ancillary materials

Name	Value	Unit
Brass	41	%
Steel	26	%
Stainless steel	27	%
Paper	5	%
Others	<1	%

The product/s include/s partial articles which contain substances listed in the Candidate List of REACH Regulation 1907/2006/EC (date: 17.01.2022) exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass: yes

> · Lead (Pb): 7439-92-1 (CAS-No.) is included in some of the alloys used. The concentration of lead in each individual alloy does not exceed 4.0% (by mass).

The Candidate List can be found on the ECHA website address: https://echa.europa.eu/de/home.

Reference service life

The reference service life of the BEST 1E Series depends on the traffic pattern and degree of usage of the cylinder. BESTcylinders are certified to BHMA/ANSI Grade 1, meaning they are designed to withstand a minimum of 40,000 uses.

LCA: Calculation rules

Declared Unit

The declared unit is 1 piece of the product: BEST 1E Series.

Declared unit

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	piece/product
Mass of declared Product	0.26	kg

System boundary

The type of EPD is: cradle to gate with options, modules C1-C4, and module D (A1-A3 + C + D and additional modules: A4 + A5)

Production - Module A1-A3

The product stage includes:

- A1, raw material extraction, processing and mechanical treatments, processing of secondary material input (e.g. recycling processes), — A2, transport to the manufacturer, - A3, manufacturing and assembly including provision of all materials, products and energy, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state.

Construction stage - Modules A4-A5

The construction process stage includes:

- A4, transport to the building site;
- A5, installation into the building;

including provision of all materials, products and energy, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues during the construction process stage.

End-of-life stage- Modules C1-C4 and D

The end-of-life stage includes:

- C1, de-construction, demolition:C2, transport to waste processing;
- C3, waste processing for reuse, recovery and/or recycling;
- C4, disposal;

including provision and all transport, provision of all materials, products and related energy and water use.

Module D (Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary) includes:

 D, recycling potentials, expressed as net impacts and benefits.

Geographic Representativeness

Land or region, in which the declared product system is manufactured, used or handled at the end of the product's lifespan: North America

Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to EN 15804 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.



LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

Characteristic product properties of biogenic carbon Information on describing the biogenic Carbon Content at factory gate

Name	Value	Unit
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	0.01	kg C

Note: 1 kg of biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of CO₂.

Additional technical information for the declared modules.

Transport to the building site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit
Litres of fuel per 1 kg (truck)	0.00276	l/100km
Transport distance (truck)	1500	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs) average	55	%
Transport distance (ship)	10000	km

Installation into the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Output substances following waste treatment on site (packaging)	0.01417	kg

End of life (C1-C4)

C1: The product dismantling from the building is done manually without environmental burden.

C2: Transport to waste treatment at end of life is 50km.

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately waste type	0.25	kg
Recycling	0.249	kg
Energy recovery	0.0006	kg
Final deposition	0,0001	kg

Region for end of life: Global

Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Name	Value	Unit

Collection rate is 100%.



LCA: Results

Disclaimer:

EP-freshwater: This indicator has been calculated as 'kg P eq' as required in the characterization model (EUTREND model, Struijs et al., 2009b, as implemented in ReCiPe; http://eplca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/LCDN/developerEF.xhtml)

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE OR INDICATOR NOT DECLARED; MNR = MODULE NOT RELEVANT)

Pro	duct sta	age	_	ruction s stage		Use stage End of							End of life stage			Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	Χ	Х	X	Х	MND	MND	MNR	MNR	MNR	MND	MND	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	X

RESULTS OF THE LCA - EI	NVIRONME	NTAL IMPA	CT accordii	ng to EN 15	804+A2: 1	cylindrical	lock		
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO ₂ eq	1.06E+01	3.67E-02	3.16E-01	0	1.74E-02	5.69E-01	4.93E-03	-4.63E+00
GWP-fossil	kg CO ₂ eq	1.1E+01	3.51E-02	1.29E-02	0	1.66E-02	5.69E-01	4.9E-03	-4.62E+00
GWP-biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq	-3.83E-01	1.62E-03	3.03E-01	0	7.68E-04	1.33E-05	1.67E-05	-5.4E-03
GWP-luluc	kg CO ₂ eq	9.93E-03	8.35E-07	5.4E-06	0	3.96E-07	3.22E-05	1.41E-05	-5.52E-04
ODP	kg CFC11 eq	5.76E-10	3.7E-18	5.86E-17	0	1.75E-18	2.87E-16	1.82E-17	-1.54E-11
AP	mol H ⁺ eq	4.13E-02	3.51E-05	8.8E-05	0	1.66E-05	1.01E-04	3.51E-05	-1.43E-02
EP-freshwater	kg P eq	2.08E-05	7.51E-09	1.14E-08	0	3.56E-09	4.58E-08	8.42E-09	-1.84E-06
EP-marine	kg N eq	8.1E-03	1.12E-05	3.16E-05	0	5.29E-06	2.28E-05	9.05E-06	-2.44E-03
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq	8.72E-02	1.24E-04	3.96E-04	0	5.88E-05	4.61E-04	9.94E-05	-2.65E-02
POCP	kg NMVOC eq	2.53E-02	3.16E-05	8.39E-05	0	1.5E-05	6.32E-05	2.74E-05	-7.93E-03
ADPE	kg Sb eq	2.53E-04	1.05E-09	9.2E-10	0	4.98E-10	3.93E-09	4.4E-10	-1.57E-05
ADPF	MJ	1.49E+02	4.98E-01	1E-01	0	2.36E-01	2.64E-01	6.43E-02	-5.1E+01
WDP	m ³ world eq deprived	9.51E-01	6.88E-05	3.91E-02	0	3.26E-05	5.82E-02	5.14E-04	-7.77E-02

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential)

RESULTS OF THE LCA - IN	DICATORS	TO DESCR	IBE RESOL	JRCE USE a	according t	o EN 15804	+A2: 1 cyli	ndrical lock	3
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	3.23E+01	1.57E-03	2.65E+00	0	7.43E-04	4.17E-01	8.42E-03	-1.25E+01
PERM	MJ	2.98E+00	0	-2.63E+00	0	0	-3.48E-01	0	0
PERT	MJ	3.53E+01	1.57E-03	1.84E-02	0	7.43E-04	6.86E-02	8.42E-03	-1.25E+01
PENRE	MJ	1.41E+02	4.98E-01	1.87E-01	0	2.36E-01	8.95E+00	6.43E-02	-5.12E+01
PENRM	MJ	8.77E+00	0	-8.6E-02	0	0	-8.68E+00	0	0
PENRT	MJ	1.5E+02	4.98E-01	1.01E-01	0	2.36E-01	2.64E-01	6.43E-02	-5.12E+01
SM	kg	2.03E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	m ³	6.7E-02	2.81E-06	9.2E-04	0	1.33E-06	1.39E-03	1.62E-05	-2.6E-02

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

RESULTS OF THE LCA – WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS according to EN 15804+A2: 1 cylindrical lock

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	2.1E-05	4.83E-11	1.54E-10	0	2.29E-11	1.01E-09	9.8E-10	-4.41E-08
NHWD	kg	9.03E-01	5.09E-05	1.03E-02	0	2.41E-05	5.91E-02	3.23E-01	-5.5E-01
RWD	kg	4.64E-03	5.35E-07	5.25E-06	0	2.53E-07	9.79E-06	7.32E-07	-3.24E-03
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	2.73E+00	0	0
MER	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



EEE	MJ	0	0	4.8E-01	0	0	0	0	0
EET	MJ	0	0	8.75E-01	0	0	0	0	0

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

RESULTS OF THE LCA – additional impact categories according to EN 15804+A2-optional:

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
РМ	Disease incidence	4.7E-07	1.85E-10	4.94E-10	0	8.74E-11	1.29E-09	4.35E-10	-2.08E-07
IR	kBq U235 eq	7.5E-01	7.64E-05	8.06E-04	0	3.62E-05	8.82E-04	7.53E-05	-6.73E-01
ETP-fw	CTUe	5.64E+01	3.53E-01	4.75E-02	0	1.67E-01	9.9E-02	3.67E-02	-1.51E+01
HTP-c	CTUh	8.22E-09	6.63E-12	2.54E-12	0	3.14E-12	8.57E-12	5.44E-12	-4.18E-09
HTP-nc	CTUh	1.65E-07	2.84E-10	1.14E-10	0	1.34E-10	8.67E-10	6E-10	-1.19E-08
SQP	SQP	5.96E+01	1.28E-03	2.67E-02	0	6.06E-04	7.9E-02	1.34E-02	-2.08E-01

PM = Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions; IR = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (cancerogenic); HTP-nc = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (not cancerogenic); SQP = Potential soil quality index

Disclaimer 1 – for the indicator "Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235". This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low-dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure or radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Disclaimer 2 – for the indicators "abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources", "abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources", "water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption", "potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems", "potential comparative toxic unit for humans – cancerogenic", "Potential comparative toxic unit for humans – not cancerogenic", "potential soil quality index". The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high as there is limited experience with the indicator.

References

Standards

ISO 14025

DIN EN ISO 14025:2011-10, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures.

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

Further References

American National Standards Institute (ANSI).

Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association (BHMA).

IBU

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.: General Instructions for the EPDs programme of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Version 2.0., Berlin: Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., 2021. www.ibuepd.com.

GaBi ts software

Sphera Solutions GmbH Gabi Software System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering 1992-2020 Version 10.0.0.71 University of Stuttgart Leinfelden-Echterdingen.

GaBi ts documentation

GaBi life cycle inventory data documentation (https://www.gabi-software.com/support/gabi/gabidatabase- 2020-lci-documentation/).

LCA-tool dormakaba

LCA tool, IBU-DOR-202104-LT1-EN. Developed by Sphera Solutions GmbH.

PCR Part A

PCR – Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Project Re-port according to EN 15804+A2:2019, Version 1.0, Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., www.ibu-epd.com.

PCR Part B

PCR – Part B: Requirements on the EPD for Building Hardware product, version 1.3, Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., www.ibu-epd.com, 2019.

Underwriters Laboratories (UL).





Publisher

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Hegelplatz 1 10117 Berlin Germany +49 (0)30 3087748- 0 info@ibu-epd.com www.ibu-epd.com



Programme holder

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Hegelplatz 1 10117 Berlin Germany +49 (0)30 3087748- 0 info@ibu-epd.com www.ibu-epd.com



Author of the Life Cycle Assessment

Sphera Solutions GmbH Hauptstraße 111- 113 70771 Leinfelden-Echterdingen +49 711 341817-0 info@sphera.com www.sphera.com



Owner of the Declaration

dormakaba International Holding GmbH DORMA Platz 1 58256 Ennepetal Germany +49 2333 793-0 info.de@dormakaba.com www.dormakaba.com